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2003 Preliminary Results
and Rights Issue

Agenda

- Introduction
- 2003 Preliminary Results
- Strategy and operations
- Financing
- Outlook and conclusions

Objectives

- Accelerate and extend the Group's profit improvement programme
- Reduce complexity of businesses and operations
- Turn around under-performing businesses
- Aggressively redirect resources to areas of advantage
- Sell businesses which fail to meet performance criteria

➔ The equity issue is key to ensuring the rapid pace of the Group's transformation is maintained

Rights Issue

- Achieve target cost savings and profit improvement opportunities of up to £50 million p.a. by end of 2006
- Estimated future cash cost of up to £70 million
- Not reliant on future disposals or increase of debt
- In addition to the profit improvement programme: -
 - volume and product mix opportunities help to mitigate the negative effects of cost inflation and price pressure

2003 Preliminary Results

Summary Profit and Loss Account

Full Year £m		2003	2002
Turnover (continuing)		827.3	830.5
Underlying operating profit	- continuing	41.5	29.9
	- discontinued	1.1	4.2
Goodwill amortisation		(7.5)	(7.7)
Exceptional items	- operating	(67.3)	(57.3)
	- corporate	(30.1)	(15.0)
Net finance charge		<u>(15.7)</u>	<u>(12.8)</u>
Pre-tax loss		(78.0)	(58.7)
Tax charge		<u>2.4</u>	<u>0.5</u>
Loss after tax		(75.6)	(58.2)
Underlying EPS		9.6p	5.0p

Operating cash flow

Full Year £m	Inflow/(outflow)	2003	2002
Operating (loss)		(32.2)	(30.9)
Depreciation and amortisation		50.9	54.4
Loss on sale of plant and machinery		0.6	0.4
Exceptional operating costs		17.6	17.2
Decrease in working capital		1.2	18.7
Increase in provisions		<u>7.2</u>	<u>15.4</u>
Operating cash inflow		45.3	75.2

Free cash flow

Full Year £m	Inflow/(outflow)	2003	2002
Operating cash flow		45.3	75.2
Net interest		(13.5)	(13.4)
Taxation		<u>(6.0)</u>	<u>(10.8)</u>
Cash flow pre dividend		25.8	51.0
Dividends		<u>(2.3)</u>	<u>(19.3)</u>
Net cash flow before capex		23.5	31.7
Net capital spend		<u>(32.3)</u>	<u>(26.6)</u>
Free cash flow		(8.8)	5.1

Borrowings and gearing

Full Year £m	2003	2002
Opening net borrowings	(251.6)	(276.1)
Free cash inflow/(outflow)	(8.8)	5.1
Disposals / (acquisitions)	32.4	(4.2)
Other	<u>(21.3)</u>	<u>23.6</u>
Closing net borrowings	(249.3)	(251.6)
Net assets	260.5	350.4
Gearing (%)	95.7%	71.8%
Unutilised committed bank facilities <i>(Note 1)</i>	22.3	54.9
Interest cover (EBITDA / Net finance charge)	5.5	6.3

Note 1: As at 4 July 2003 unutilised committed facilities were £40m

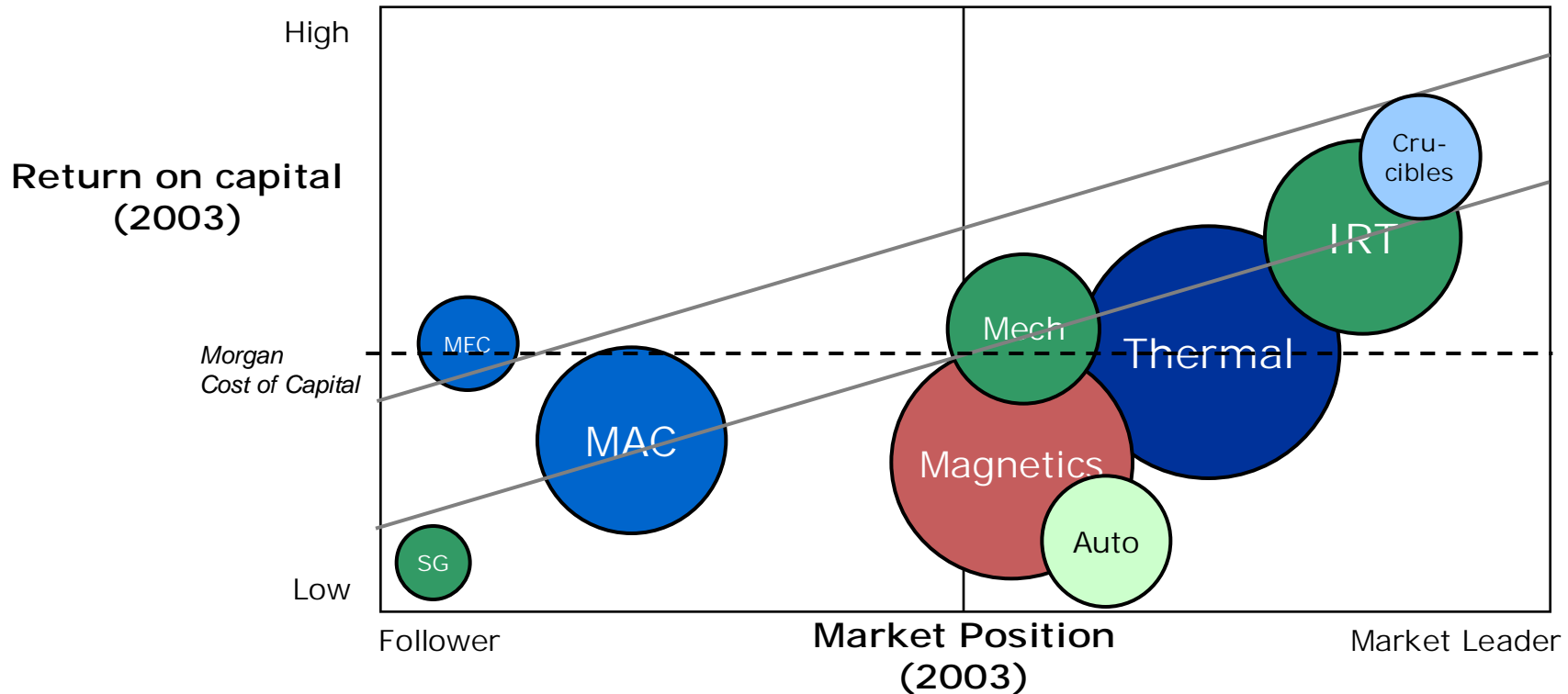
Strategy & Operations

Priorities

- Simplify business structure
- Instil performance based culture across GBUs
- Accelerate and extend restructuring
- Turn around under-performing businesses
- Dispose of operations that fail to meet core criteria

Overall Picture of Group Performance

PRIOR TO BUSINESS UNIT CONSOLIDATION



- Low overhead to sales % →
- Ability to exceed cost of capital → 'Core' criteria
- Sustainable regional market position →

Detailed strategic and operational review identified significant improvement potential

1. Consolidate 9GBU structure

- Organisation complex and inefficient
- Not driven by customers or operations



- Organisation simplified to 6 GBUs
- Centre significantly reduced. R&D complexity reduced / focus on winners

2. Exit non-core facilities and products

- GBUs had over-extended into non-core product and business lines



- Each GBU now focused on core markets with strong positions

3. Rationalise facilities and overheads

- Legacy of poorly integrated acquisitions



- GBUs implementing detailed overhead and site reduction plans

4. Improve productivity

- Opportunity to take advantage of low cost markets



- Production shift to low cost locations

5. Selectively expand capacity

- Number of investment opportunities around core market positions



- Investment ONLY to reinforce core businesses

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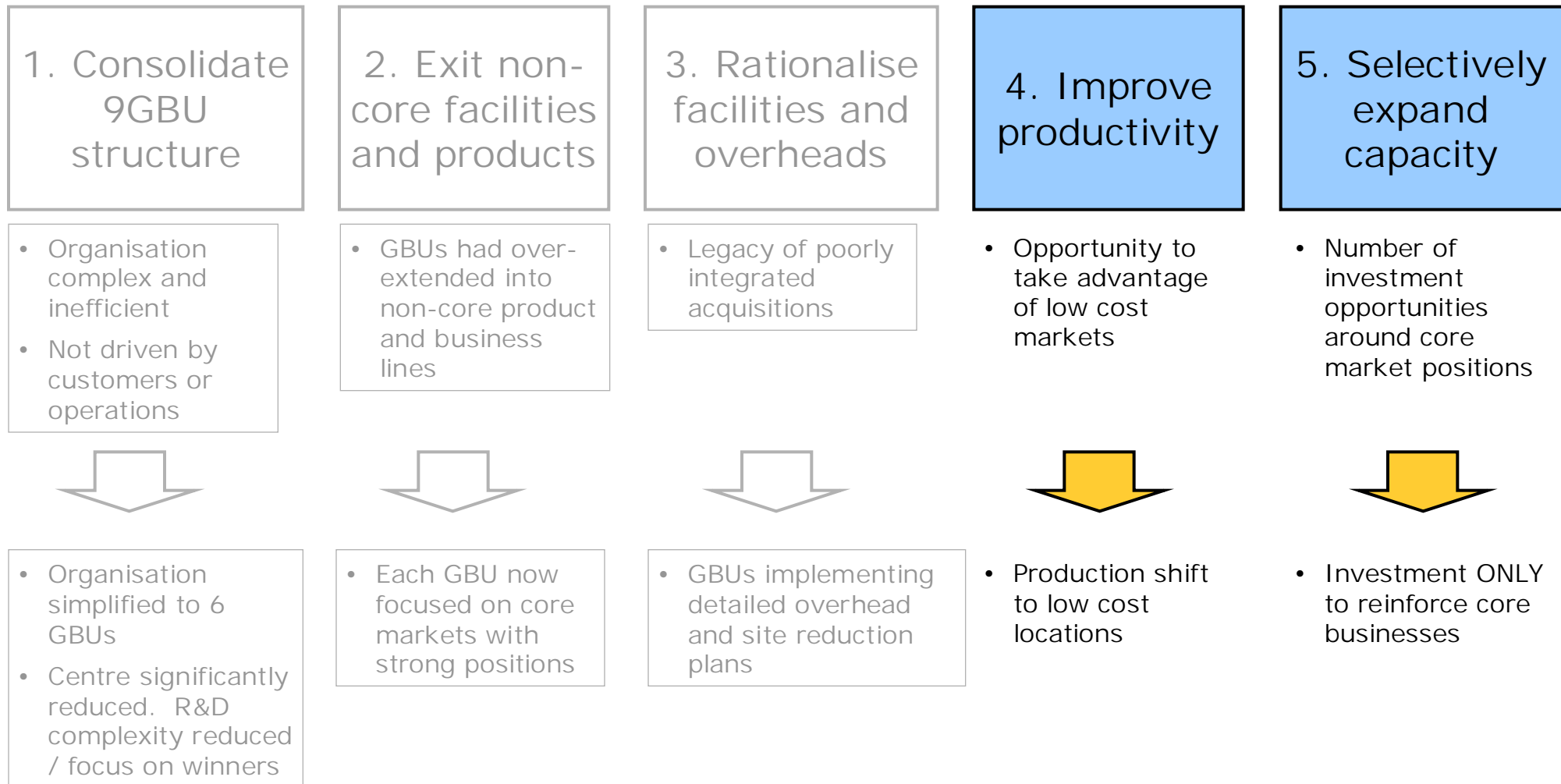
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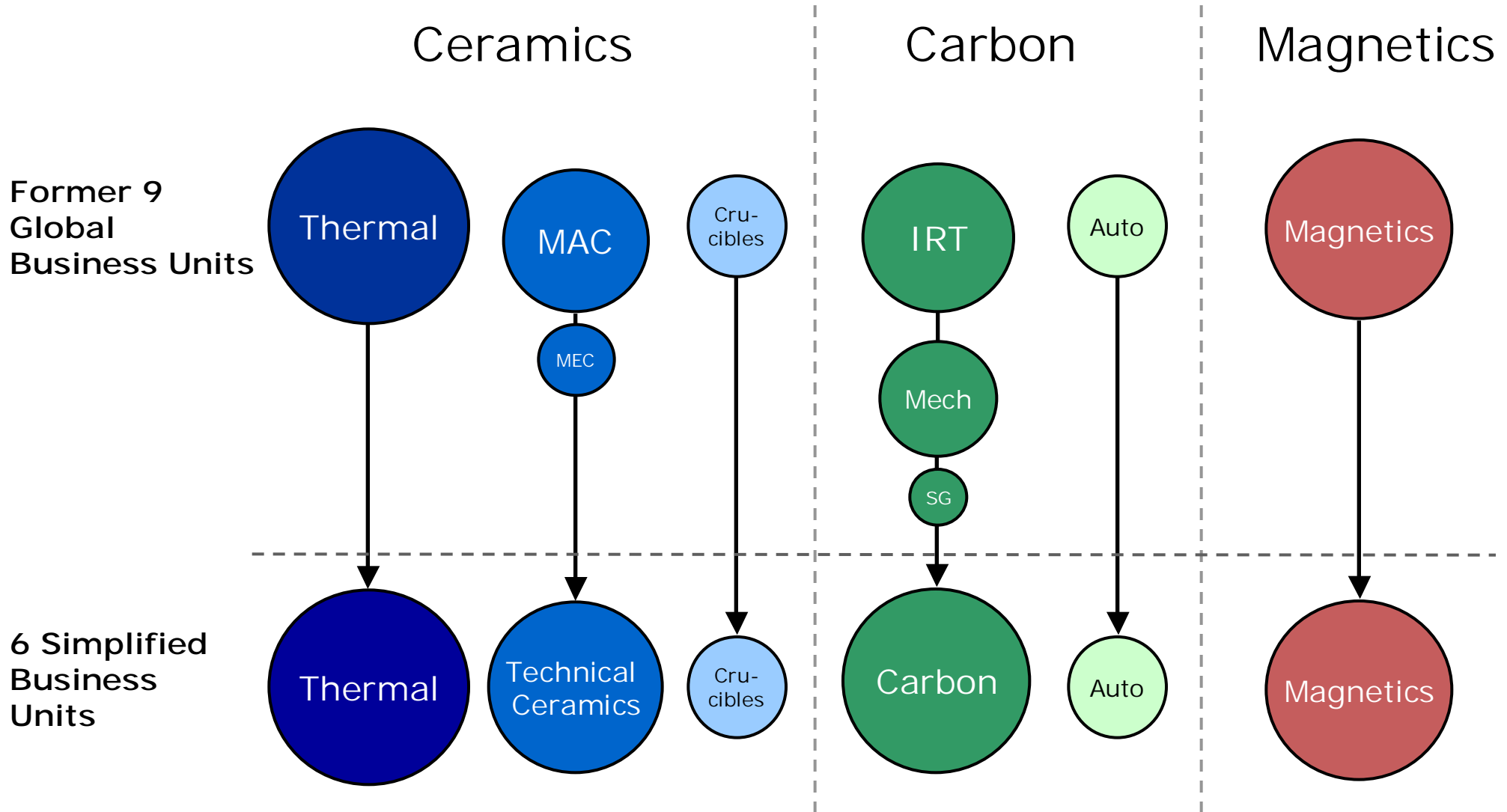


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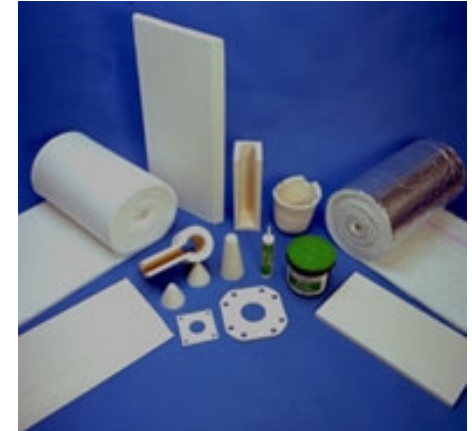


Restructure and simplify operations



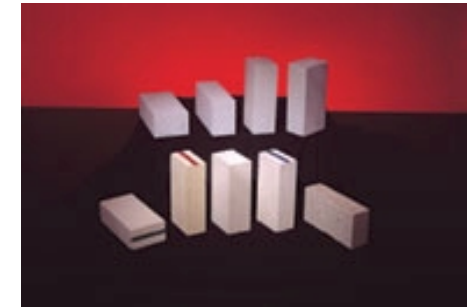
Thermal can build on strong market position in Americas and Europe

Main products: Insulating Fibre, Converted Fibre, Fire Brick, and Castables; High temperature Reinforcement materials

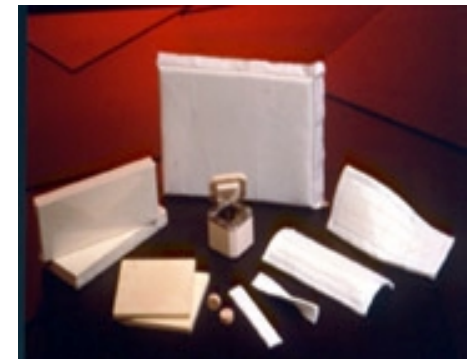


Competitive position: Leadership in Americas and Europe

2003 Performance: £226.9m Sales; 12.3% EBITDA Margin



Group perspective today: Potential to grow core business but need to reduce costs and exit non-core product lines



Technical Ceramics will focus on niche application leadership

Main products: Custom-engineered ceramic components and assemblies consisting of bare, metallised, or electro ceramics manufactured for a wide variety of industry applications



Competitive position: Leadership in some niche applications but a follower in the overall market



2003 Performance: £132.5m Sales; 10.1% EBITDA Margin

Group perspective today: Business has strong technical capabilities and potential for growth, but must exit unprofitable product lines where engineering competence has lower value and focus on niche application leadership



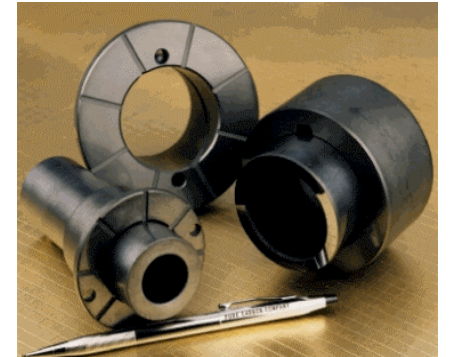
Carbon is focused on core brush and mechanical component business

Main products: Industrial and Rail Motor brushes and electric contacts; Seal and bearing components; Custom machined carbon material



Competitive position: Leadership in key markets and products

2003 Performance: £191.1m Sales; 17.2% EBITDA Margin



Group perspective today: Stable cash flow generator with opportunity to achieve stronger performance



Magnetics has been re-focused around strong market positions in Europe

Main products: Crystalline and amorphous nano-crystalline metal alloys and formed parts; Inductive components; Permanent magnets



Competitive position: Leadership in some European markets with potential to strengthen in other markets



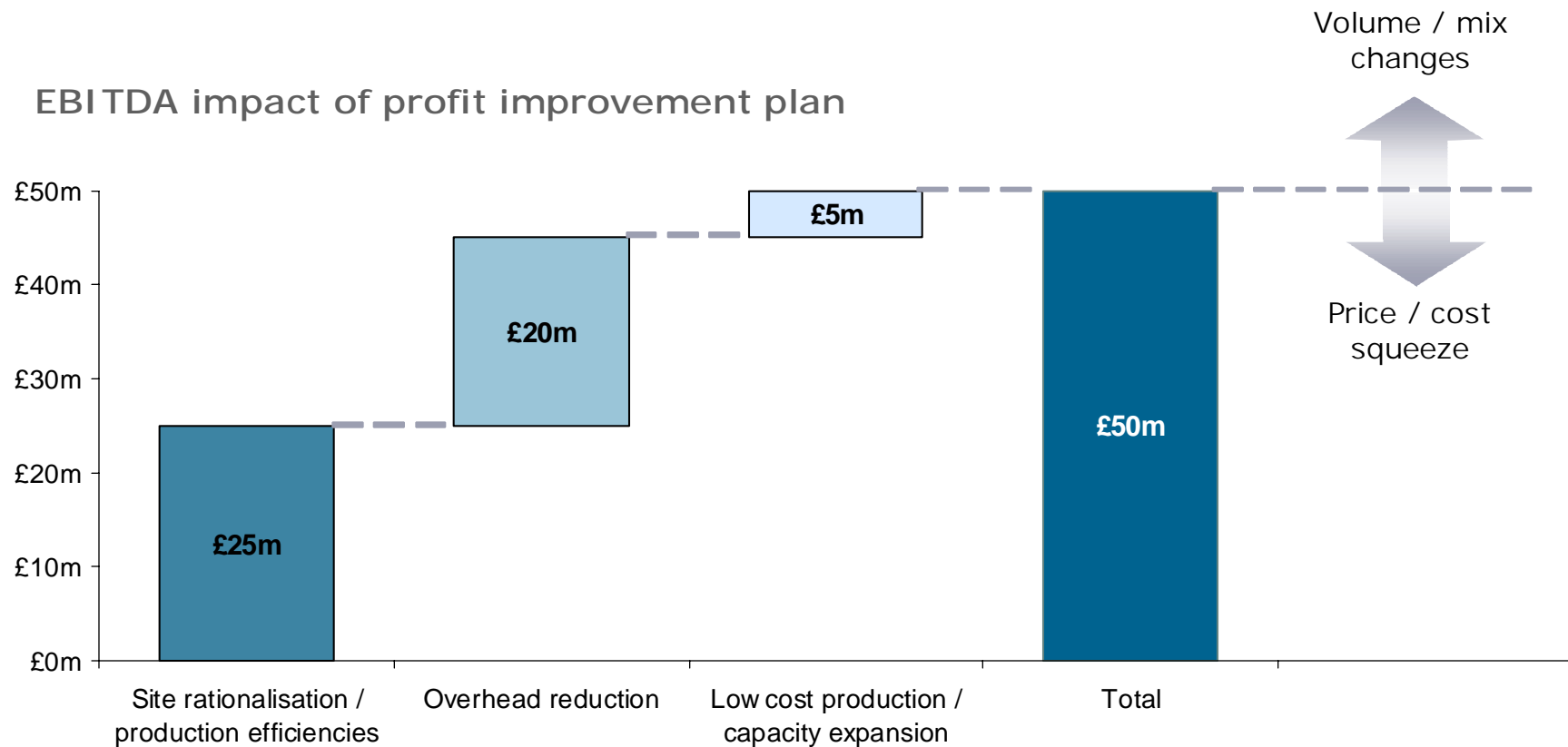
2003 Performance: £172.1m Sales; 10.3% EBITDA Margin

Group perspective today: Mixed performance across product line with opportunities to reduce costs and pursue growth



Target £50M EBITDA improvement by 2006

- Targeted cost savings and profit improvement opportunities of up to £50m per annum by the end of 2006



Cash cost of up to £70m

Thermal Ceramics initiatives

Exit non-core businesses

- ▶ Focus on core fibre and IFB business

Reduce overheads and headcount

- ▶ In Europe and Americas

Growth plans

- ▶ Pursue top line fibre and IFB growth throughout the global market, particularly taking advantage of increasing demand and favourable markets in Asia and Middle East

Take advantage of low cost manufacturing

- ▶ Pursue European, Middle East and China low cost manufacturing and targeted capacity expansion to achieve profit improvement

Technical Ceramics initiatives

Integration of former Ceramics business

- ▶ Extensive senior management changes including appointment of new Managing Director

Focus on higher value - added market segments

- ▶ E.g. Medical, aerospace and laser power tubes

Resolve manufacturing issues

- ▶ Corrective action in California and Germany

Improve pricing decision making

- ▶ Pricing initiatives to maximise top and bottom line benefits

Exit non-core businesses

- ▶ E.g. Coatings

Carbon initiatives

Integration of former carbon businesses

- ▶ Extensive senior management changes including newly appointed Managing Director

Reduce overheads and headcount

- ▶ Significant headcount reductions in Europe and Americas as the combined business sheds duplicate activities

Site rationalisation

- ▶ Significant site rationalisation opportunities

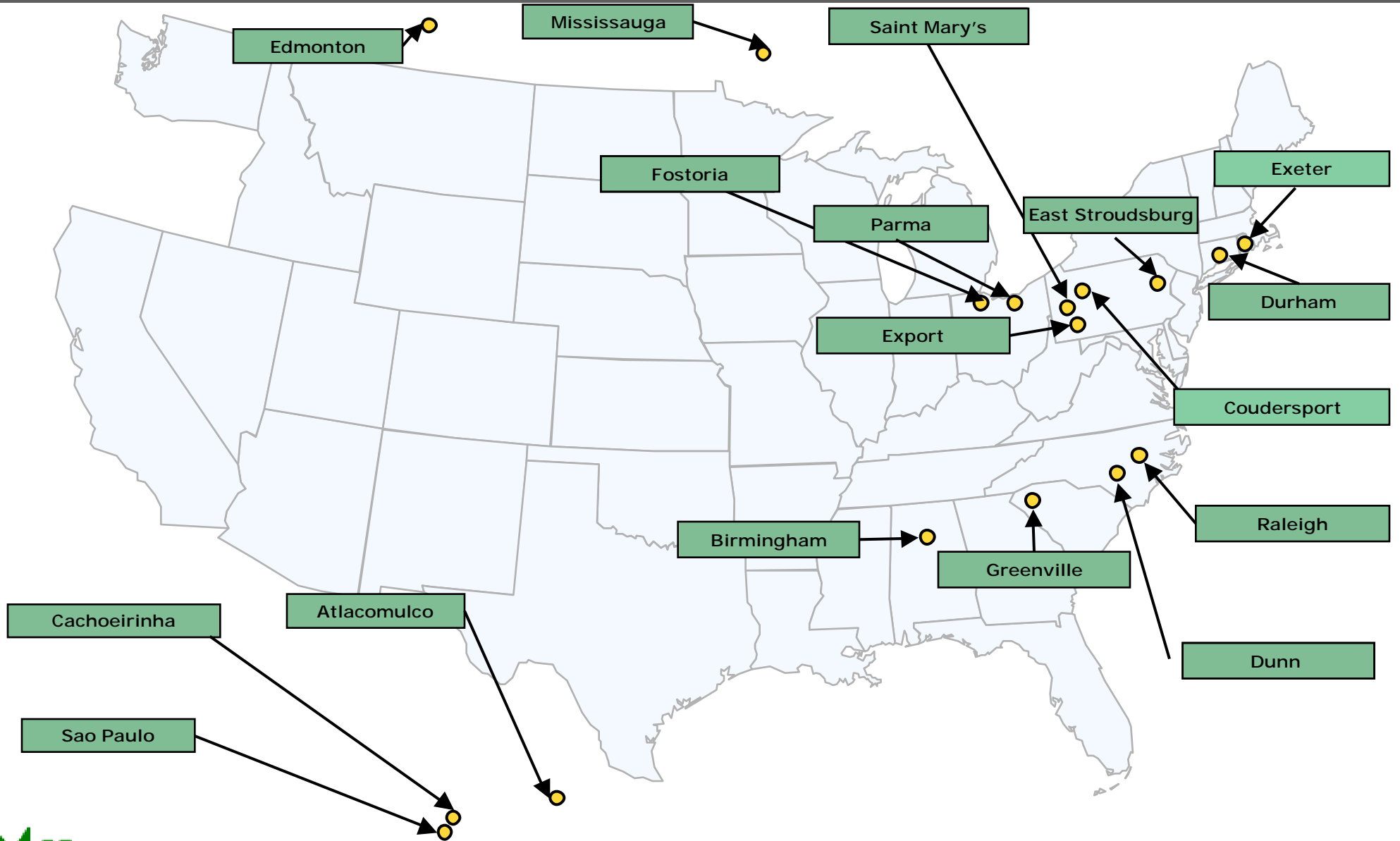
Take advantage of low cost manufacturing

- ▶ Transfer production to low cost countries, concentrate on the development of the Far East, and invest in low cost supply e.g. Mexico and India

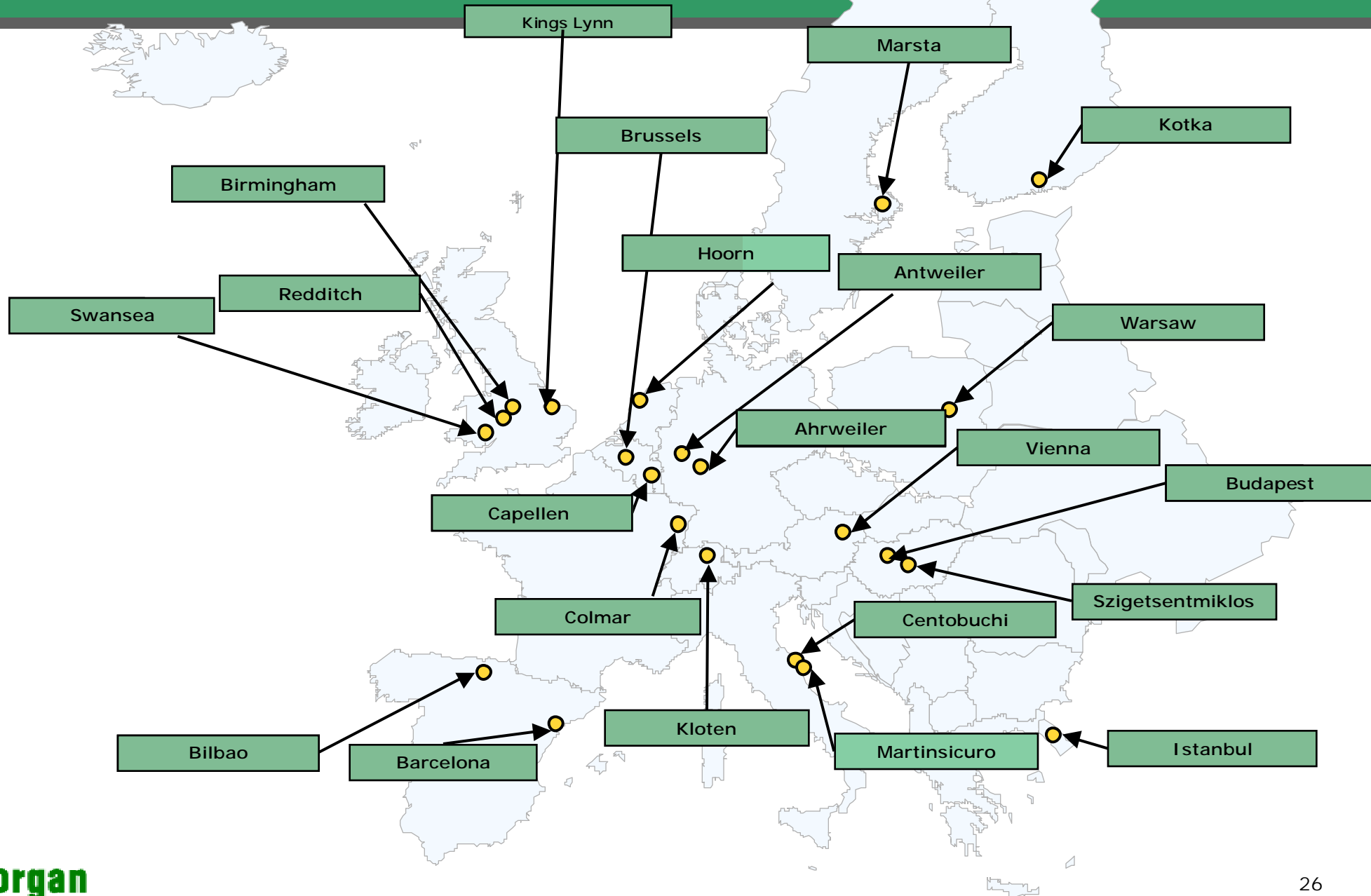
Improve pricing decision making

- ▶ Strategic pricing initiatives to maximise top line benefits

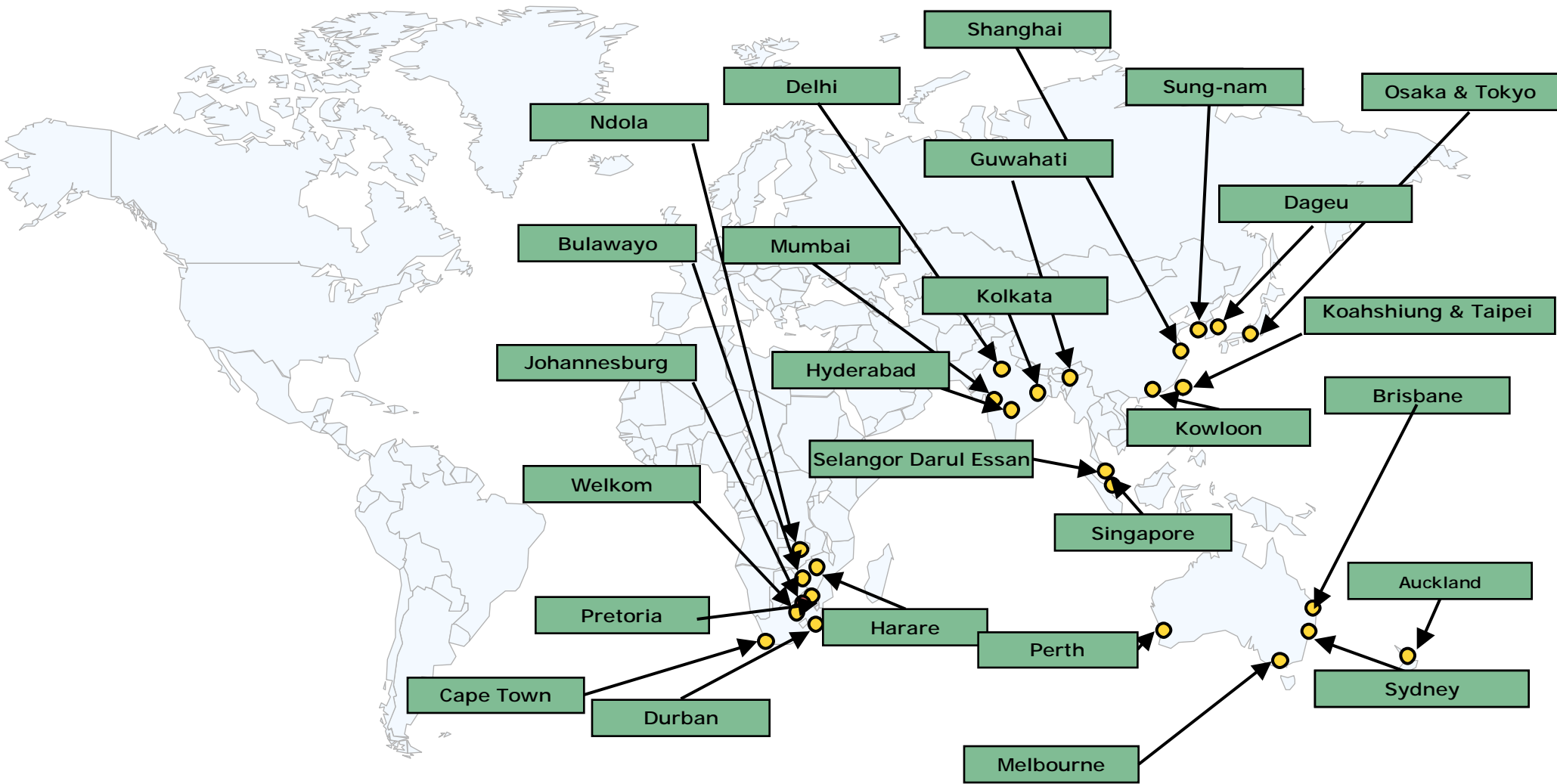
Carbon Americas site footprint



Carbon Europe site footprint



Carbon Asia, Australia, rest of world site footprint



Magnetics initiatives

Management changes

- ▶ New Managing Director

Focus on core, high margin businesses

- ▶ Focus on cores, components and permanent magnets in Europe

Reduce overheads and headcounts

- ▶ Significant reduction in Europe

Take advantage of low cost manufacturing

- ▶ Capitalise on market opportunities in growth regions (e.g. the Far East) as well as securing a low cost source of supply of certain products

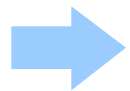
Improve pricing decision making

- ▶ Pursue top line improvement – extensive market and pricing initiatives

Financing

Funding and Disposals

- Refinancing in early 2003
 - Year end net debt of £249m; gearing 96%; unutilised committed bank facilities of £22m
- Sell businesses which fail to meet required performance criteria
 - proceeds can not be relied upon to fund the restructuring at required pace



New equity required to complete restructuring as quickly as possible

Terms of the fully underwritten Rights Issue

- An offer of 1 new share for every 4 ordinary shares already held to raise £54 million (net of expenses)
- Issue price represents a discount of 24.8% to yesterday's closing Morgan share price of 133 pence
- Fully underwritten by Cazenove

Timetable

- Announcement / Despatch of PALs 19 February 2004
- Dealings in Nil Paid commence 20 February 2004
- Last date for splitting 10 March 2004
- Last date for acceptance / payment in full 12 March 2004
- New Ordinary Shares credited to CREST 15 March 2004

Conclusions

Current trading / outlook

- Most markets stabilised in 2003
- Timing of recovery uncertain
- Demand steady in Europe and America, strong in Asia
- Not relying on market upturn
- Restructuring to drive profits and cash flow

Priorities for 2004

- Continue to drive disciplined implementation of restructuring
- Continue migration to low cost countries
- Invest in targeted growth opportunities
- Complete and stretch senior management team / assess results
- Sell businesses which fail to meet performance criteria

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Appendices

Divisional performance

Full Year £m	Turnover		Operating profit	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Carbon - Electrical	186.0	199.9	13.4	14.6
- Engineered	78.4	74.6	6.2	2.5
Magnetics	172.1	163.5	3.3	(4.3)
Ceramics- Technical	132.5	135.7	1.4	3.2
- Insulating	258.3	256.8	17.2	13.9
Discontinued	22.3	49.8	1.1	4.2

Note: Operating Profit is stated before goodwill amortisation and exceptional costs

Divisional Performance – Key points

- **Electrical Carbon**
 - Industrial and traction markets challenging in Europe, particularly in Germany
 - Weak automotive demand in the key North American market
- **Engineered Carbon**
 - Markets stabilised but OEM demand still weak. Increase in turnover due to strong demand for silicon carbide plates for body armour
- **Magnetics**
 - Impact from restructuring actions beginning to show
 - Transfer of more production to Slovakia / withdrawal from hard disc drive market
- **Technical Ceramics**
 - Markets for aerospace, telecom and semicon still weak
 - No pick up yet in piezo demand
- **Insulating Ceramics**
 - Performance above expectation. Cost saving & rationalisation continuing
 - Site closures in both Crucibles and Thermal completed in the year

Pensions

- Morgan operates a number of pension schemes of both a funded and unfunded type
- Principally located in UK, US and Germany
- B/S provisions for unfunded schemes rose in year by £7m to £94m – c.£6m was caused by forex translation
- B/S SSAP 24 prepayments c.£22m
- Under FRS 17 the total deficit for all defined benefit schemes fell by c.£39m to £43m
- Smaller UK scheme actuarially valued as at April 2003
- Shortfall identified by valuation has caused the future annual company contributions to increase by c£0.3m

Appendix – Reporting Structure

Morgan Crucible

